3- समस्त मामलों में, जहाँ लाभार्थियों के खराब बायोमेट्रिक्स के कारण या किसी अन्य कारण से आधार अधिप्रमाणन विफल हो जाता है, वहाँ निम्नलिखित उपचारात्मक तंत्र अपनाये जायेंगे, अर्थात:-

(क) खराब फिंगरप्रिंट गुणवत्ता के मामले में, अधिप्रमाणन के लिए एकीकृत जोखिम सूचना प्रणाली (आई0आर0आई0एस0) स्कैन या फेस अधिप्रमाणन सुविधा, अपनाई जाएगी, जिससे विभाग अपने क्रियान्वयनकर्ता अभिकरण के माध्यम से सहज रीति से प्रसुविधायें प्रदान करने के लिए फिंगरप्रिंट अधिप्रमाणन के साथ ही साथ एकीकृत जोखिम सूचना प्रणाली (आई0आर0आई0एस0) स्कैनर या फेस अधिप्रमाणन के लिए उपबन्ध करेगा;

(ख) यदि फिंगरप्रिंट या एकीकृत जोखिम सूचना प्रणाली (आई0आर0आई0एस0) स्कैन या फेस अधिप्रमाणन के माध्यम से बायोमेट्रिक अधिप्रमाणन सफल नहीं होता है तो जहाँ कहीं सम्भाव्य और अनुज्ञेय हो, सीमित समय की वैधता के साथ यथास्थिति आधार वन टाइम पासवर्ड या समय-आधारित वन-टाइम पासवर्ड द्वारा अधिप्रमाणन प्रदान किया जा सकता है;

(ग) अन्य समस्त मामलों में जहाँ बायोमेट्रिक या आधार वन टाइम पासवर्ड या समय-आधारित वन-टाइम पासवर्ड अधिप्रमाणन सम्भव न हो, वहाँ उक्त योजना के अधीन प्रसुविधायें, ऐसे भौतिक आधार पत्र के आधार पर दी जा सकती हैं जिसकी अधिप्रमाणिकता, आधार पत्र पर मुद्रित क्विक रिस्पान्स कोड (क्यू0आर0कोड) के माध्यम से सत्यापित की जा सकती है और क्विक रिस्पान्स कोड रीडर की आवश्यक व्यवस्था, विभाग द्वारा क्रियान्वयनकर्ता अभिकरण के माध्यम से सुविधाजनक अवस्थानों पर प्रदान की जायेगी।

4- उपरोक्त के अतिरिक्त, यह सुनिश्चित करने के उद्देश्य से कि उक्त योजना के अधीन कोई वास्तविक लाभार्थी अपनी देय प्रसुविधाओं से वंचित न हो, विभाग अपने क्रियान्वयनकर्ता अभिकरण के माध्यम से डी0बी0टी0 मिशन कार्यालय-जाप, कैबिनेट सचिवालय, भारत सरकार, दिनांक 19 दिसम्बर, 2017 में यथा रेखांकित अपवाद हैण्डलिंग तंत्र का अनुसरण करेगा।

5- यह अधिसूचना सरकारी गजट में प्रकाशित किये जाने के दिनांक से प्रभावी होगी।

आज्ञा से,
अमित मोहन प्रसाद,
अपर मुख्य सचिव।

IN pursuance of the provisions of clause (3) of Article 348 of the Constitution, the Governor is pleased to order the publication of the following English translation of notification no. 08/XVIII–2-2023, dated April 6, 2023 :

No. 08/XVIII–2-2023

Dated Lucknow, April 6, 2023

WHEREAS the use of Aadhaar as an identity document for delivery of services or benefits or subsidies simplifies the Government delivery processes, brings in transparency and efficiency, and enables beneficiaries to get their entitlements directly in a convenient and seamless manner by obviating the need to produce multiple documents to prove one's identity;

AND, WHEREAS, the **Department of Micro Small Medium Enterprises and Exports Promotion** (hereinafter referred to as the Department), is administering the **Other Backward Class**

Training Scheme (hereinafter referred to as the Scheme) to impart training, provide stipend and toolkit to Other Backward Class Candidates to enable them for self-employment, which is being implemented through the **Directorate of Industries and Enterprise Promotion** (hereinafter referred to as the Implementing Agency);

AND, WHEREAS, under the Scheme, **Skill Upgradation Training, Stipend and Toolkit** (hereinafter referred to as the benefit) is given to the **Other Backward Class candidates aged above 18 to 45 years** (hereinafter referred to as the beneficiaries), by the Implementing Agency as per the extant Scheme guidelines;

AND, WHEREAS, the aforesaid Scheme involves recurring expenditure incurred from the Consolidated Fund of **Uttar Pradesh**:

NOW, THEREFORE, in pursuance of section 7 of the Aadhaar (Targeted Delivery of Financial and Other Subsidies, Benefits and Services) Act, 2016 (18 of 2016) (hereinafter referred to as the said Act), the Government of **Uttar Pradesh** hereby notifies the following, namely:-

1. (1) An individual eligible for receiving the benefits under the Scheme shall hereby be required to furnish proof of possession of the Aadhaar number or undergo Aadhaar authentication.

(2) Any individual desirous of availing benefits under the Scheme, who does not possess the Aadhaar number or, has not yet enrolled for Aadhaar, shall be required to make application for Aadhaar enrolment before registering for the Scheme provided that he is entitled to obtain Aadhaar as per section 3 of the said Act, and such individuals shall visit any Aadhaar enrolment centre [list available at the Unique Identification Authority of India (UIDAI) website www.uidai.gov.in] to get enrolled for Aadhaar.

(3) As per regulation 12 of the Aadhaar (Enrolment and Update) Regulations, 2016, the Department through its implementing Agency, is required to offer Aadhaar enrolment facilities for the beneficiaries who are not yet enrolled for Aadhaar and in case there is no Aadhaar enrolment centre located in the respective Block or Taluka or Tehsil, the Department through its Implementing Agency shall provide Aadhaar enrolment facilities at convenient locations in coordination with the existing Registrars of UIDAI or by becoming a UIDAI Registrar themselves:

Provided that till the time Aadhaar is assigned to the individual, benefits under the Scheme shall be given to such individual, subject to the production of the following documents, namely:-

(a) if he has enrolled, his Aadhaar Enrolment Identification slip; and

(b) any one of the following documents, namely :-

(i) Bank or Post Office Passbook with Photo; or

(ii) Permanent Account Number (PAN) Card; or

(iii) Passport; or

(iv) Ration Card; or

(v) Voter Identity Card; or

(vi) MGNREGA Card; or

(vii) Kisan Photo Passbook; or

(viii) Driving license issued by the Licensing Authority under the Motor Vehicles Act, 1988 (59 of 1988); or

(ix) Certificate of identity having photo of such person issued by Gazetted Officer or a Tehsildar on an official letter head; or

(x) any other document as specified by the Department:

Provided further that the above documents may be checked by an officer specifically designated by the Department for that purpose.

2. In order to provide benefits to the beneficiaries under the Scheme conveniently, the Department through its Implementing Agency shall make all the required arrangements to ensure that wide publicity through the media shall be given to the beneficiaries to make them aware of the said requirement.

3. In all cases, where Aadhaar authentication fails due to poor biometrics of the beneficiaries or due to any other reason, the following remedial mechanisms shall be adopted, namely:-

(a) in case of poor fingerprint quality, Integrated Risk Information System scan or face authentication facility shall be adopted for authentication, thereby the Department through its

Implementing Agency shall make provisions for Integrated Risk Information System scanners or face authentication along with finger-print authentication for delivery of benefits in seamless manner;

(b) in case the biometric authentication through fingerprints or Integrated Risk Information System scan or face authentication is not successful, wherever feasible and admissible authentication by Aadhaar One Time Password or Time-based One-Time Password with limited time validity, as the case may be, shall be offered;

(c) in all other cases where biometric or Aadhaar One Time Password or Time-based One-Time Password authentication is not possible, benefits under the Scheme may be given on the basis of physical Aadhaar letter whose authenticity can be verified through the Quick Response code printed on the Aadhaar letter and the necessary arrangement of Quick Response code reader shall be provided at the convenient locations by the Department through its Implementing Agency.

4. In addition to the above, in order to ensure that no bona fide beneficiary under the Scheme is deprived of his due benefits, the Department through its Implementing Agency shall follow the exception handling mechanism as outlined in the Office Memorandum of DBT Mission, Cabinet Secretariat, Government of India dated 19th December 2017.

5. This notification shall come into effect from the date of its publication in the Official *Gazette*.

IndiaCode

By order,
AMIT MOHAN PRASAD,
Apar Mukhya Sachiv.

पी०एस०यू०पी०–ए०पी० 30 राजपत्र–2023–(56)–599 प्रतियाँ (कम्प्यूटर/टी०/ऑफसेट)।
पी०एस०यू०पी०–ए०पी० 3 सा० सूक्ष्म लघु एवं मध्यम उद्यम–2023–(57)–350 प्रतियाँ (कम्प्यूटर/टी०/ऑफसेट)।